

[In accordance with the criteria of Regulation No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended]

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier 03143 Sticker Remover

 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

 Relevant identified uses:
 sticker remover.

 Uses advises against:
 not determined.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier:	Nowy Samochód S.A.
Address:	ul. Zbyszka Cybulskiego 3, 00-725 Warsaw
Telephone/Fax:	+48 602-444-356
E-mail:	info@soft99.pl

Adres e- mail osoby odpowiedzialnej za kartę charakterystyki: biuro@theta-doradztwo.pl

1.4 Emergency telephone number

112

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Aerosol 1 H222-H229, Asp. Tox. 1 H304*, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. * product labelling is not required for this hazard when placed on the market in aerosol containers.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms and signal words



Names of substances mentioned on label

Contains: hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%).

Hazard statements

- H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
- H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
- P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.



P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F.

Additional information

EUH208 Contains d-limonene. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

Substances contained in the product do not meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.1	Substances Not applicable.	
3.2	Mixtures propane	
	Concentration range:	< 45 %
	CAS number:	74-98-6
	EC number:	200-827-9
	Index number:	601-003-00-5
	Registration number:	-
	Classification:	Flam. Gas 1 H220, Press. Gas H280
	butane	
	Concentration range:	< 45 %
	CAS number:	106-97-8
	EC number:	203-448-7
	Index number:	601-004-00-0
	Registration number:	-
	Classification:	Flam. Gas 1 H220, Press. Gas H280
	<u>isobutane</u>	
	Concentration range:	< 45 %
	CAS number:	75-28-5
	EC number:	200-857-2
	Index number:	601-004-00-0
	Registration number:	-
	Classification:	Flam. Gas 1 H220, Press. Gas H280
	<u>kerosine (petroleum)</u>	
	Concentration range:	30-40 %
	CAS number:	8008-20-6
	EC number:	232-366-4
	Index number:	649-404-00-4
	Registration number:	-
	Classification:	Asp. Tox. 1 H304



hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkan	es, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
Concentration range:	10-20 %
CAS number:	64742-82-1
EC number:	919-446-0
Index number:	-
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066*
* Additional classification code whi	ich indicate the type of hazard
trimethylbenzene	
Concentration range:	1 - 5 %
CAS number:	25551-13-7
EC number:	247-099-9
Index number:	-
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit. 2 H319
<u>solvent naphtha (petroleum), li</u>	<u>ght arom.</u>
Concentration range:	1 - 5 %
CAS number:	64742-95-6
EC number:	265-199-0
Index number:	649-356-00-4
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Asp. Tox. 1 H304*
* the classification, taking into	account the note P; contains less than 0.1% by weight of benzene
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	
Concentration range:	2 %
CAS number:	95-63-6
EC number:	202-436-9
Index number:	601-043-00-3
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
Substance with occupational ex	posure limit values established on the Union level.
nonane	
Concentration range:	< 2%
CAS number:	111-84-2
EC number:	203-913-4
Index number:	-
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M=1)



<u>xylene</u>	
Concentration range:	< 1%
CAS number:	1330-20-7
EC number:	215-535-7
Index number:	601-022-00-9
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Acute Tox. 4 H332
Substance with occupational expo	osure limit values established on the Union level.
<u>ethylbenzene</u>	
Concentration range:	< 1%
CAS number:	100-41-4
EC number:	202-849-4
Index number:	601-023-00-4
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373
Substance with occupational expo	osure limit values established on the Union level.
toluene	
Concentration range:	< 1%
CAS number:	108-88-3
EC number:	203-625-9
INDEX number:	601-021-00-3
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Repr. 2 H361d, STOT RE 2 H373
Substance with occupational expo	osure limit values established on the Union level.
<u>cumene</u>	
Concentration range:	< 1 %
CAS number:	98-82-8
EC number:	202-704-5
Index number:	601-024-00-X
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam Liq.3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
Substance with occupational expo	osure limit values established on the Union level.
<u>d-limonene</u>	
Concentration range:	< 1 %
CAS number: EC number:	5989-27-5
Index number:	227-813-5 601-029-00-7
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam Liq.3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M=1)
<u>octane</u>	
Concentration range:	< 0,1 %
CAS number:	111-65-9

Date of update: 07.06.2019



EC number:	203-892-1
Index number:	601-009-00-8
Registration number:	-
Classification:	Flam Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M=1)

Full text of each relevant H phrase is given in section 16 of SDS.

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: take off contaminated clothes, wash contaminated skin with plenty of water and soap. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms occur.

<u>Eye contact</u>: contact an ophthalmologist if disturbing symptoms occur. Protect non-irritated eye, remove contact lenses. Rinse contaminated eyes with water for 10-15 minutes. Avoid strong stream of water – risk of damage of the cornea.

<u>Ingestion</u>: exposure by this route does not typically occur. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. In case of spontaneous vomiting do not allow vomit to enter airways. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: consult a doctor, if disturbing symptoms occur, remove the victim to fresh air. Keep warm and calm.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: redness, dryness, defatting, irritation, allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Eye contact: possible redness, tearing, burning sensation.

Ingestion: due to the form of the product, the negative effects of exposure by this route are not expected.

Inhalation: high concentration of vapours may cause headaches, dizziness and drowsiness.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Physician makes a decision regarding further medical treatment after thoroughly examination of the injured. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

<u>Suitable extinguishing media:</u> extinguishing powder, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, sand -adjust extinguishing media to the materials stored in the product vicinity.

<u>Unsuitable extinguishing media:</u> water jet – risk of propagation of flame.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During combustion harmful gases consisting of carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides or other unidentified products of thermal decomposition may be produced. Do not inhale combustion products, it may cause health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Personal protection typical in case of fire. Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Extremely flammable aerosol. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Pressurized container - danger of depressurization or even explosion at high temperature. Cool endangered containers with water spray from a safe distance. Collect used extinguishing media.



Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Limit the access for the outsiders into the breakdown area, until the suitable cleaning operations are completed. Ensure that removing the problem and its results is conducted by a trained personnel only. In case of large spills, isolate the exposed area. Avoid eyes and skin contamination. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not inhale aerosol. Wear adequate personal protective equipment. Remove sources of ignition extinguish open fire, prohibit smoking. Do not use sparking tools.

6.2 Environmental precautions

In case of release of large amounts of the product, it is necessary to take appropriate steps to prevent it from spreading into the environment. Notify relevant emergency services.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect damaged containers mechanically. Collect leakage using non-flammable liquid binding materials (eg. sand, earth, universal binding substances, silica etc.) and place it in correctly labelled containers. Treat collected material as waste. Clean and ventillate contaminated area. Use non-sparking tools.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Appropriate conduct with waste product – section 13. Personal protection equipment – section 8.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid eyes and skin contamination. Do not inhale vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Protect from high temperature and direct sunlight. Keep away from fire sources. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use as intended.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in original, tight containers in a dry, cool and well ventilated place at temperature < 40 °C. Keep away from food, foodstuffs, animal feed and incompatible materials (see section 10.5). Store away from sources of ignition and direct sunlight. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information about uses other than mentioned in subsection 1.2.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Constituention	Limit values	
Specification	8 hours	short term
xylene [CAS 1330-20-7]	221 mg/m ³	442 mg/m ³
cumene [CAS 98-82-8]	100 mg/m ³	250 mg/m ³
toluene [CAS 108-88-3]	192 mg/m ³	384 mg/m ³
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene [CAS 95-63-6]	100 mg/m ³	-
ethylbenzene [CAS 100-41-4]	442 mg/m ³	884 mg/m ³

Legal Basis: Commission Directive 2006/15/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2009/161/EC, 2017/164/EU

Please check any national occupational exposure limit values in your country.



Recommended control procedures

Procedures Concerning the control over the dangerous components concentrations in the air and control over the air quality in the workplace - if they are available and Justified for the position - in Accordance with the European Standards, with the conditions within the exposure place and a proper test methodology adapted to the working conditions.

8.2 Exposure controls

Observe good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid eyes and skin contamination. Avoid inhalation of aerosols. Ensure adequate general and/or local ventilation to ensure the maintenance of concentrations of hazardous components in the air below the exposure limit values. If there is a risk of inflammation of the clothing on worker, emergency showers and eyewash stations should be installed near the workplace.

Hand and body protection

Use adequate protective gloves, resistant to solvents eg. vinyl gloves. In case of short term contact use protective gloves with effectivness level 2 or higher (permeation time > 30 minutes). In case of long term contact use protective gloves with effectivness level 6 (permeation time > 480 minutes). Wear protective clothing.

When using protective gloves during work with chemical products, it should be noted that the efficacy levels and corresponding breakthrough times do not indicate actual times of protection at a particular workplace, because the protection can be affected by many factors, e.g. temperature, other substances etc. If there are any signs of degradation, damage or change in appearance (colour, flexibility, shape), it is recommended to replace the gloves with a new pair. Please follow the manufacturer's instructions, not only in terms of gloves' usage, but also in terms of their cleaning, maintenance and storage. It is also important to know how to take off the gloves in order to avoid hands contamination.

Eye protection

Use tightly fitting protective glasses if there is a risk of eye contamination.

Respiratory protection

In case of sufficient ventilation, it is not required. In emergency situations, use properly selected absorbing or absorbing-filtering equipment of appropriate protective class.

Personal protective equipment must meet requirements of Regulation 2016/425/EU. Employer is obliged to ensure equipment adequate to activities carried out, with quality demands, cleaning and maintenance.

Environmental exposure controls

Avoid release to the environment, do not enter the sewage system. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

physical state/appearance:	liquid/aerosol	
colour:	colourless	
odour:	characteristic	
odour threshold:	not determined	
pH:	not determined	
melting point/freezing point:	not determined	
initial boiling point and boiling range:	140-310 °C (hydrocarbons, C9-C12; kerosine (petroleum))	
flash point:	40 °C (hydrocarbons, C9-C12; kerosine (petroleum))	
evaporation rate:	not determined	
flammability (solid, gas):	extremely flammable aerosol	
upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	7,0 %/0,6 % vol. (hydrocarbons, C9-C12; kerosine (petroleum))	



vapour pressure: vapour density: density: solubility(ies): partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: auto-ignition temperature: decomposition temperature: explosive properties: oxidising properties: dynamic viscosity: 0,19±0,03 MPa not determined 0,792±0,010 insoluble in water not determined 230 °C (hydrocarbons, C9-C12; kerosine (petroleum)) not determined not display not display not determined

9.2 Other information

No additional test results.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Product is reactive. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. See also subsections 10.3 and 10.5

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of handling and storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possible exothermic reactions with strong oxidants.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Protect from temperature above 40 °C. Avoid direct sunlight, sources of heat and fire.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

There are no hazardous decomposition products when product is stored and used as recommended.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information regarding acute and/or delayed results of the exposure was defined on the basis of the information on product's classification and/or toxicological studies as well as the experience and knowledge of the manufacturer.

Toxicity of components

hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (CAS 64742-82-1)

LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	> 5000 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (skin, rat)	> 3160 mg/kg
kerosine (petroleum) (CAS 8008-2	<u>20-6)</u>
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	> 5000 mg/kg
<u>xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)</u>	
LD_{50} (oral, rat)	3500 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	>4350 mg/kg
LD_{50} (inhalation, 4h, rat)	29,08 mg/l
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	3500 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	15400 mg/kg



LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	17,2 mg/l	
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	- / - ····g/ ·	
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	5000 mg/kg	
LD_{50} (skin, rat)	12000 mg/kg	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	7460 ppm/4h	
<u>cumene (CAS 98-82-8)</u>		
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	2910 mg/kg	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	2000 ppm/4h	
trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-		
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	 8970 mg/kg	
<u>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63</u>		
LD_{50} (oral, rat)	5000 mg/kg	
octane (CAS 111-65-9)	5000 mg/kg	
LC_{50} (inhalation, rat)	118 mg/l/4h	
nonane (CAS 111-84-1)	110 119/1/411	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	16,75 mg/l/4h	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light		
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	> 5000 mg/kg	
Toxicity of mixture		
Acute Toxicity	2.000	
ATEmix (oral)	> 2 000 mg/kg	
ATEmix (skin)	> 2 000 mg/kg	
ATEmix (inhalation)	> 20 mg/l	
ATEmix value was calculated using relevant converted acute toxicity point estimate included in 3.1.2 table from Regulation 1272/2008/EC and test results.		
Based on available data, the classi	fication criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
	fication criteria are not met, however, the product contains a component which	
can cause allergic reactions in sense	sitive individuals.	
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u> Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Carcinogenicity		
	fication criteria are not met	
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. <u>Reproductive toxicity</u>		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
STOT-single exposure		
May cause drowsiness or dizziness		
STOT-repeated exposure		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Aspiration hazard		
The product contains components of low viscosity, classified as hazardous for aspiration after ingestion. However,		
due to the form of the product, which prevents accidental ingestion, the whole product does not pose a risk of		
aspiration into the lungs.		



Section 12: Ecological information

12.1	Toxicity	
	Toxicity of components	
	<u>xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)</u>	
	Toxicity to fish LC_{50}	3,3 mg/l/96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
	ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	
	Toxicity to crustaceans LC_{50}	0,4 mg/l/96h (Artemia salina)
	toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
	Toxicity to crustaceans LC ₅₀	3,78 mg/l/48h
	<u>cumene (CAS 98-82-8)</u>	
	Toxicity to crustaceans LC_{50}	1,2 mg/l/96h (<i>Mysidopsis bahnia</i>)
	octane (CAS 111-65-9)	
	Toxicity to daphnia EC_{50}	0,18 mg/l/48h (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)
	trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)	
	Toxicity to crustaceans LC ₅₀	5,4 mg/l 48h (<i>Palaemonetes</i>)
	<u>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)</u>	
	Toxicity to daphnia LC_{50}	6,14 mg/l/48h (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)
	Toxicity of mixture	

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data for the mixture.

Biodegradability of components <u>xylene [CAS 1330-20-7]</u> biodegradable in 70 % within 10 days <u>ethylobenzene [CAS100-41-4]</u> biodegradable in 70-80 % within 28 days

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

 xylene [CAS 1330-20-7]

 log Po/w
 3,15

 ethylobenzene [CAS100-41-4]

 log Po/w
 3,6

12.4 Mobility in soil

The product is insoluble and lighter than water. It accumulates on the surface of the water, creating a layer that hinders the exchange of oxygen. Mobility of components of the mixture depends on the hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and biotic and abiotic conditions of soil, including its structure, climatic conditions, seasons and soil organisms.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components of the mixture are not classified as PBT and vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product is not classified as hazardous to the ozone layer. Consider other harmful effects of individual components of the mixture on the environment (eg, endocrine disrupting potential, global warming potential).



Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Disposal methods for the mixture</u>: disposal in accordance with the local legislation. Store product residues in original containers. Do not let product to enter sewage system. Waste code should be assigned in place of formation.

<u>Disposal methods for used packing</u>: reuse/recycle/liquidate empty containers in accordance with the local legislation. Only completely empty packing can be recycled. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Legal basis: Directive 2008/98/EC as amended, 94/62/EC as amended.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1 UN Number

UN 1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

2 (label 2.1)

14.4 Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5 Environmental hazards

Product is classified as dangerous for the environment according to transport regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Avoid sources of heat and fire, heating. Personal protective equipment - section 8. Packages shall not be thrown or subjected to impact. Receptacles shall be so placed on the vehicle or container that they cannot tip over or fall.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC as amended.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Text with EEA relevance).

Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives as amended.

European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste as amended.

Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC

Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.





Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC.

Commission Directive 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC.

Commission Directive 2017/164/EU of 31 January 2017 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

It is not necessary to carry out a chemical safety assessment for the mixture.

Section 16: Other information

Full text of indicated H phrases mentioned in section 3

H220 Extremely flammable gas. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H225 Flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H280 H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 Causes serious eye irritation. H319 H332 Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. H335 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336 Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H361d H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Abbreviations and acronyms Flam. Gas. 1 Flammable gas category 1 Press. Gas. Gases under pressure Flam. Liq. 2,3 Flammable liquid category 2, 3 Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity category 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard category 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation category 2 Skin Sens.1 Działanie uczulające na skórę kat 1 Eye irritation category 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure category 3 Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity category 2 STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure category 2 Aquatic Acute 1 Toxicity for aquatic organisms – acute toxicity category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1,2 Toxicity for aquatic organisms - chronic toxicity category 1,2 Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance PBT vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative substance TWA **Time Weighted Average** Short-Term Exposure Limits STEL



<u>Trainings</u>

Before commencing working with the product, the user should learn the Health & Safety regulations, regarding handling chemicals, and in particular, undergo a proper workplace training. Persons related to the transportation of the dangerous goods in compliance with the ADR Agreement should be properly trained within the scope of performed tasks (general training, on-the-job training and training related to the safety issues).

Key literature references and sources of data

This SDS was prepared on the basis of SDS of producer, literature data, online databases as well as our knowledge and experience, taking into account current legislation.

Procedures used to classify a mixture

Classification was based on tests results and data on hazardous substances calculation method under the guidance of Regulation 1272/2008/EC (CLP) as amended.

Additional information

Date of update:	07.06.2019
Version:	2.0/EN
Composed by:	mgr Alicja Włodarska (on the basis of producer's data)
Safety Data Sheet made by:	"THETA" Technical Consulting

This SDS replaces and cancels all its previous versions.

The information above is based on a current available data concerning the product, but also on the experience and knowledge in this field of the producer. They are neither a quality description of the product nor a guarantee of particular features. They are to be treated as aid to safety in transport, storage and usage of the product. That does not free the user from the responsibility of improper usage of the information above and also of improper compliance with the law norms in the field.