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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards

SDS Revision: 2.0

SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013

Prepa	ared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NC	OHSC, WHMIS, 20	001/58 & 1272/2	008/EC Standar	ds	SDS	Revision: 2.0)	SDS Rev	vision Date	: 12/31/2013
		1. F	PRODUC	T & COM	PANY	IDENTIF	FICATIO	N			
1.1	Product Name:	BOSC	H LEAD-	ACID BA	TTER	Y					
1.2	Chemical Name:	Lead Acid	d (Wet) Batter	/							
1.3	Synonyms:	NA									
1.4	Trade Names:	Bosch Le	ad-Acid Batte	ГУ							
1.5	Product Use:	Automotiv	ve Battery								
1.6	Distributor's Name:	Worldpa	Worldpac, Inc.								
1.7	Distributor's Address:	37137 Hi	37137 Hickory Street, Newark, CA 94560 USA								
1.8	Emergency Phone:	INFOTE	INFOTRAC: +1 (800) 535-5053 / +1 (352) 323-3500 (CONTRACT 84261)								
1.9	Business Phone / Fax:	+1 (510)	608-5525 / +1	(510) 742-926	52						
			2. HA	ZARDS	IDENT	IFICATION	DN NC				
2.1	Hazard Identification:	This product is classified as a hazardous substance and as dangerous goods according to the classification criteria of [NOHSC: 1088 (2004)] and ADG Code (Australia). DANGER! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE. Hazard Statements (H): H302 – Harmful if swallowed. H314 – Causes severe skins burns and eye damage. Precautionary Statements (P): P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 - Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm water thoroughly after handling. P280 – Wear protective gloves/eye protection. P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing. P405 – Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to licenses treatment, storage and disposal facility (TSDF).									
2.2	Effects of Exposure:	Eyes:		irritation, burr	ns, cornea	damage, blir	ndness. Lea	ad compo	ounds ma	av cause	irritation.
		Skin:		irritation, burr		•				,	
		Ingestion	: May ca	ause severe ir	ritation of	mouth, throa					ingestion of lead e cramping. This
			may lea	ad rapidly to s	ystemic to	xicity.					
		Inhalation		ng of sulfurications fumes may car						irritation.	Inhalation of lead
2.3	Symptoms of Overexposure:	Eyes:	Severe	irritation, redr	ness, and	watering, dar	mage to co	nea and	possible	blindnes	S.
		Skin:	Severe	skin irritation,	red, itchi	ng skin, burns	and ulcera	ation.			
		Ingestion:									nclude headache,
					ain, loss o	of appetite, m	iuscular ac	hes and	weaknes	ss, sleep	disturbances, and
			irritabili					_			
		Inhalation				er respiratory	y system.	Overexpo	osure to	sprays or	mists may cause
2.4	Acute Health Effects:	Hazardou		al pneumoniti		roduct is he	ated abov	e the m	eltina na	nint oxidi	zed or otherwise
							atou abov	0 1110 111	orang po	onni, omai	200 01 0110111100
2.5	Chronic Health Effects:	Possible	processed or damaged to create dust, vapor, or fume. Possible erosion of tooth enamel; inflammation of nose, throat, and bronchial tubes. Anemia; neuropathy, particularly of the motor nerves, with wrist drop; kidney damage; reproductive changes in both males and females.								
2.6	2.6 Target Organs: Lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin.										
	3. COMPOSITION & INGREDIENT INFORMATION										
-		J. 60			SKEDI	LINI IINT			IMITS IN AI	R (mg/m³)	
						ACGIH	NOH			OSHA	
						ppm	ppr	n		ppm	
CHES.	ICAL NAME/C'	CAS No.	DTECS N	EINEGO ::		TI.)/ 075	ES- ES		DE:	TEI	071155
			OF7525000	231-100-4	40-70	(0.05) NA	NF (0.1			NA 100	
LEAD		7439-92-1	5 520000	1=0. 100 4	1.0 70	1471	1 [(0.1	-/ '*'	1,0.00) 1	100	1(0.00) 1110011
SHE	URIC ACID	7664-93-9	WS5600000	231-639-5	30-60	(0.2) (3)	(1) NF	NF	(1)	(3) (15))
JULF	OLVIO MOID	Skin Corr. 1A;		loo4 4 ·	10.4.				(O.F.)		_
ANTIN	MONY	7440-36-0	CC4025000	231-146-5	0.1-1	(0.5) NA	NF (0.5	5) NF	(0.5)	NA 50	
ADOL	NIC	7440-38-2	CG0525000	231-148-6	≤ 0.1	(0.01) NA	NF (0.0	5) NF	(0.01)	NA 5	(0.002) NIOSH
ARSENIC											



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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013 **COMPOSITION & INGREDIENT INFORMATION – cont'd** EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/m³) **ACGIH** NOHSC ppm ppm ppm ES-ES-IDLH CHEMICAL NAME(S) CAS No. RTECS No. **EINECS No** STEL TWA STEL PEAK PEL STEL OTHER 7440-31-5 XP7320000 231-141-8 NA (0.1) NF (0.2)NF NA (100)TIN 7440-70-2 NA 231-179-5 ≤ 0.1 NA NA NF NF NF NA NA NA CALCIUM 4. FIRST AID MEASURES Give large quantities of water, but do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an 4.1 First Aid: Ingestion: unconscious person. Contact Infotrac +1 (800) 535-5053 or the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency telephone number for assistance and instructions. Seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration. If product gets in the eyes, flush eyes thoroughly with copious amounts of water for at least 15 Eyes: minutes, holding eyelid(s) open to ensure complete flushing. If the eyes or face become swollen during or following use, consult a physician or emergency room immediately. Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. If discomfort persists and/or the skin reaction worsens, contact a physician immediately. Do not wear contaminated clothing until after it has been properly cleaned. Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air at once. Under extreme conditions, if breathing stops, perform artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical attention. Medical Conditions Aggravated by 42 Overexposure to sulfuric acid mist may cause lung damage and **HEALTH** 3 Exposure aggravate pulmonary conditions. Contact of electrolyte (water **FLAMMABILITY** 0 and sulfuric acid solution) with skin may aggravate skin diseases **PHYSICAL HAZARDS** 2 such as eczema and contact dermatitis. Contact of electrolyte В (water and sulfuric acid solution) with eyes may damage cornea PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT and/or cause blindness. Lead and its compounds can aggravate **EYES** SKIN some forms of kidney, liver, and neurologic diseases. 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES In operation, batteries generate and release flammable hydrogen gas. They must always be 5.1 Fire & Explosion Hazards: assumed to contain this gas which, if ignited by burning cigarette, naked flame or spark, may cause battery explosion with dispersion of casing fragments and corrosive liquid electrolyte. Carefully follow manufacturer's instructions for installation and service. Keep away all sources of gas ignition and do not allow metallic articles to simultaneously contact the negative and positive terminals of a battery. 5.2 Extinguishing Methods: Water, Foam, CO₂, Dry Chemical, low velocity water fog, Halon (if permitted), 5.3 Firefighting Procedures: As with any fire, firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment including a MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Treat as hot oil. Hazardous decomposition products may be released. Thermal degradation may produce oxides of carbon, and/or nitrogen, hydrocarbons and/or derivatives. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep containers cool until well after the fire is out. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight fire upwind. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural waterway. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill cleanup must wear appropriate Personal Protective Spills Equipment (PPE). Use safety glasses or safety goggles and face shield; use gloves and other protective clothing (e.g., apron, boots, etc.) to prevent skin contact. Wear acid-resistant clothing, boots, gloves, and face shield. Small Spills: Wear appropriate protective equipment including gloves and protective eyewear. Use a noncombustible, inert material such as vermiculite or sand to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. If possible, carefully neutralize spilled electrolyte with soda ash, sodium bicarbonate, lime, etc. Large Spills: Keep incompatible materials (e.g., oxidizers, strong alkalis) away from spill. Stay upwind and away from spill or release. Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out of area. Stop spill or release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Recover as much free liquid as possible and collect in acid-resistant container. Use absorbent to pick up residue. Avoid discharging liquid directly into a sewer or surface waters. Neutralized acid must be managed in accordance with approved local, state, and federal requirements. Consult state environmental agency and/or federal EPA.



Other Information:

NA

9.17

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013 10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY 10.1 Stability: This product is stable under normal storage and use conditions. 10.2 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Sulfur trioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfuric acid mist, sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide. Temperatures above the melting point are likely to produce toxic metal fume, vapor, or dust; contact with strong acid or base or presence of nascent hydrogen may generate highly toxic arsine gas. 10.3 Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur 10.4 Conditions to Avoid: Prolonged overcharge at high current; sources of ignition 10.5 Incompatible Substances: Sulfuric Acid: Contact with combustibles and organic materials may cause fire and explosion. Also reacts violently with strong reducing agents, metals, sulfur trioxide gas, strong oxidizers, and water. Contact with metals may produce toxic sulfur dioxide fumes and may release flammable hydrogen gas. Lead Compounds: Avoid contact with strong acids, bases, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganate. peroxides, nascent hydrogen, and reducing agents. 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION 11.1 Routes of Entry: Inhalation: YFS Absorption: YFS Ingestion: YES 11.2 Toxicity Data: This product has not been tested on animals to obtain toxicological data. Toxicology data for some of the components in this mixture, found in scientific literature, are presented below: Sulfuric Acid: LD₅₀ (oral, rat): 2,140 mg/kg; Arsenic: LD50 (oral, rat): 763 ppm; Lead: LD₅₀ (oral, rat): 7000 ppm Acute Toxicity: 11.3 See section 2.4. Severe skin irritation, damage to cornea may cause blindness, upper respiratory irritation. Chronic Toxicity: 11.4 See section 2.5. 11.5 Suspected Carcinogen: The National Toxicology Program (NTP) and the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) have classified "strong inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid" as a substance that is carcinogenic to humans. This classification does not apply to sulfuric acid solutions in static liquid state or to electrolyte in batteries. Batteries subjected to abusive charging at excessively high currents for prolonged periods of time without vent caps in place may create a surrounding atmosphere of the offensive strong inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid. Lead is listed as a 2B carcinogen, likely in animals at extreme doses. Proof of carcinogenicity in humans is lacking at present. Arsenic is listed by International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), OSHA and NIOSH as a carcinogen only after prolonged exposure at high levels Reproductive Toxicity: 11.6 This product is not reported to cause reproductive toxicity in humans Mutagenicity This product is not reported to produce mutagenicity effects in humans. **Embryotoxicity**: This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans Teratogenicity This product is not reported to cause teratogenic effects in humans. Reproductive Toxicity This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans. 11.7 Irritancy of Product: See Section 2.3 Biological Exposure Indices: NA Physician Recommendations: 11.9 Treat symptomatically. 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.1 Environmental Stability: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. 12.2 Effects on Plants & Animals: No data available. 12.3 Effects on Aquatic Life: Sulfuric Acid: LC₅₀ (Gambusia affinis (fish), 96h): 42 mg/L. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Waste Disposal: 13.1 Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial and local regulations. 13.2 Special Considerations Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION The basic description (ID Number, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional descriptive information may be required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG, SCT, ADGT, ADR and the CTDGR. 49 CFR (GND): UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III 14.2 IATA (AIR): UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III IMDG (OCN): UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III 14.3 TDGR (Canadian GND): UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III 14.4 14.5 ADR/RID (EU): UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III UN2794, ACUMULADORES ELECTRICOS DE ELECTROLITO LIQUIDO ACIDO, 8, III 14.6 SCT (MEXICO): ADGR (AUS): UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III 14.7



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	T	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION		
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements:	This product contains <u>Lead</u> , <u>Sulfuric Acid</u> , <u>Antimony</u> , and <u>Arsenic</u> , substances subject to Section 313 reportir requirements.		
15.2	SARA Threshold Planning Quantity:	NA NA		
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status:	All components of this product are listed in the TSCA Inventory or are exempt.		
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):	<u>Sulfuric Acid</u> : 1,000 lbs (454 kg); <u>Antimony</u> : 5,000 lbs (2,270 kg); <u>Lead</u> : 10 lbs (4.54 kg)		
15.5	Other Federal Requirements:			
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations:	This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. None of the components of this product are listed on the Priorities Substances List. WHMIS E, D2B (Other Toxic Effects).		
15.7	State Regulatory Information:	Lead is found on the following state criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA65), Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), and Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA). Sulfuric Acid is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, and WA. Tin is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, and WA. Artimony is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, WA. Calcium is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, and PA. This product contains Lead, a substance known to the State of California of causing cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. No other ingredients in this product, present in a concentration of 1.0% or greater, are listed on any of the following state criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA), Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), Washington		
15.8	Other Requirements:	Permissible Exposures List (WA), Wisconsin Hazardous Substances List (WI). The primary component of this product is listed in Annex I of EU Directive 67/548/EEC. <u>Sulfuric Acid</u> : Corrosive (C). <u>Risk Phrases</u> (R): 35 - Causes severe burns. <u>Safety Ph</u> rases (S): (1/2)-26-30-45 - Keep locked up and out of the reach of children. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Never add water to this product. In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).		
		16. OTHER INFORMATION		
16.1	Other Information:	DANGER! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.		
		Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm wate thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/eye protection. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induction vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contained in present and easy to do – continue rinsing. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.		
16.2	Terms & Definitions:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.		
16.3	Disclaimer:	This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Worldpac's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness is not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.		
16.4	Prepared for:	Worldpac, Inc. 37137 Hickory Street Newark, CA 94560 USA Tel: +1 (510) 608-5525 Fax: +1 (510) 742-9262 http://www.worldpac.com		
16.5	Prepared by:	ShipMate, Inc. P.O. Box 787 Sisters, OR 97759-0787 USA Tel: +1 (310) 370-3600 Fax: +1 (310) 370-5700 http://www.shipmate.com		



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DEFINITION OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

GENERAL INFORMATION:

i	CAS No.	Chemical Abstract Service Number

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:

ACGIH	American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists
TLV Threshold Limit Value	
OSHA U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration	
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit	
IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	

FIRST AID MEASURES:

1	CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has
		stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood
ı		and provide oxygen to the body.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: HMIS

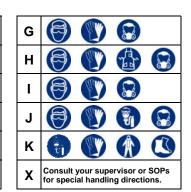
HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard	
1	Slight Hazard	
2	Moderate Hazard	
3	Severe Hazard	
4	Extreme Hazard	



PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:

Α			
В			
С		型	
D		型	
Ε	T		
F		型	







Splash Goggles



Full Face Respirator

Synthetic Apron

Dust & Vapor Half-Mask Respirator







Dust Respirator

Airline Hood/Mask

or SCBA

OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

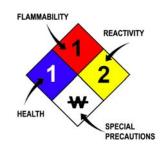
NA	Not Available
NR	No Results
NE	Not Established
ND	Not Determined
ML	Maximum Limit
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:				
Autoignition Temperature Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no oth source of ignition				
LEL Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source				
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source			

HAZARD RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard
1	Slight Hazard
2	Moderate Hazard
3	Severe Hazard
4	Extreme Hazard
ACD	Acidic
ALK	Alkaline
COR	Corrosive
W	Use No Water
ОХ	Oxidizer
TREFOIL	Radioactive



TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals s
LC ₅₀	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animal
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts
TD _{io}	Lowest dose to cause a symptom
TCLo	Lowest concentration to cause a symptom
TD _{Io} , LD _{Io} , & LD _o or	Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects
TC, TC _o , LC _{lo} , & LC _o	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
TL _m	Median threshold limit
log Kow or log Koc	Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System	
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation	
TC	C Transport Canada	
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	
DSL	DSL Canadian Domestic Substance List	
NDSL	NDSL Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List	
PSL	PSL Canadian Priority Substances List	
TSCA	TSCA U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act	
EU	EU European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)	
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)	

WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION (WHMIS) SYSTEM:

0	(*)	((2)	\bigcirc	®		(Ř
Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D1	Class D2	Class D3	Class E	Class F
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive

EC (67/548/EEC) INFORMATION:

1		M	*		9	×	×	
С	E	F	N	0	Т	Xi	Xn	
Corrosive	Explosive	Flammable	Harmful	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritant	Harmful	

CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:

			\Diamond					*
GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Health Hazard	Environment