

| SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 1.1. Product identifier   |   |  |
| Product name  | Holts CLEAR lacquer   |  |
| Product number  | L101C   |  |
| UFI   | UFI: 57AU-92NH-D67W-HY5A  |  |
| 1.2. Relevant identified uses of  | f the substance or mixture and uses advised against   |  |
| Identified uses   | Car maintenance product.  |  |
| 1.3. Details of the supplier of the   | ne safety data sheet  |  |
| Supplier  | A Holts Car Care Product<br>Holt Lloyd International Ltd<br>Barton Dock Road<br>Stretford<br>Manchester<br>M32 0YQ - England, UK<br>+44 (0) 161 866 4800<br>FAX +44 (0) 161 866 4854<br>www.holtsauto.com |  |
| Contact person  | Contact Email address: info@holtsauto.com   |  |
| 1.4. Emergency telephone nun  | nber  |  |
| Emergency telephone   | UK - 00 44 (0) 161 866 4800 Office hrs = 0900 - 1700 hrs  |  |
| National emergency telephone<br>number  | National Poisons Information Service<br>City Hospital, Birmingham B187QH, United Kingdom<br>Telephone: +44 121 507 4123<br>Email: allistervale@npis.org, sallybradberry@npis.org                          |  |
|   | www.npis.org  |  |
| SECTION 2: Hazards identification   |   |  |
| 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture<br>Classification (EC 1272/2008)  |   |  |

| Classification (EC 1272/2008) |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Physical hazards              | Aerosol 1 - H222, H229  |
| Health hazards                | Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 |
| Environmental hazards         | Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412                                      |
| 2.2. Label elements           |   |
| Hazard pictograms             |   |

| Signal word                | Danger  |
|----------------------------|---|
| Hazard statements          | <ul> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>  |
| Precautionary statements   | <ul> <li>P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P260 Do not breathe spray.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with regional regulations.</li> </ul> |
| UFI                        | UFI: 57AU-92NH-D67W-HY5A  |
| Contains                   | Hydrocarbons, C9, Aromatics, BUTANOL-norm, Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane  |
| 2.3. Other hazards         |   |
| SECTION 3: Composition/inf | formation on ingredients  |
| 3.2. Mixtures              |   |
| DIMETHYL ETHER             | 60-100%   |
| CAS number: 115-10-6       | EC number: 204-065-8  |
|                            |   |

## Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas

| Hydrocarbons, C9, Aromatics |                      | 10-30% |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------|
| CAS number: 64742-95-6      | EC number: 918-668-5 |        |
| Classification              |                      |        |
| Flam. Liq. 3 - H226         |                      |        |
| STOT SE 3 - H335, H336      |                      |        |
| Asp. Tox. 1 - H304          |                      |        |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411    |                      |        |

| Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n- 5-10<br>hexane   |  |
|--|--|
| CAS number: —  |  |
| Classification<br>Flam. Liq. 2 - H225<br>Skin Irrit. 2 - H315<br>STOT SE 3 - H336<br>Asp. Tox. 1 - H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411        |  |
| XYLENE   | 5-10%  |
| CAS number: 1330-20-7  | EC number: 215-535-7   |
| <b>Classification</b><br>Flam. Liq. 3 - H226<br>Acute Tox. 4 - H312<br>Skin Irrit. 2 - H315  |  |
| BUTANOL-norm   | 5-10%  |
| CAS number: 71-36-3  | EC number: 200-751-6   |
| <b>Classification</b><br>Flam. Liq. 3 - H226<br>Acute Tox. 4 - H302<br>Skin Irrit. 2 - H315<br>Eye Dam. 1 - H318<br>STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 |  |
| ETHYLBENZENE   | 1-5%   |
| CAS number: 100-41-4<br>Classification<br>Flam. Liq. 2 - H225<br>Acute Tox. 4 - H332   | EC number: 202-849-4   |
| The full text for all hazard sta   | atements is displayed in Section 16.   |
| SECTION 4: First aid measu   | res  |
| 4.1. Description of first aid m  | easures  |
| General information  | Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.  |
| Inhalation   | Move affected person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately. |
| Ingestion  | Not relevant.  |
| Skin contact   | Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.   |

| Eye contact   | Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| 4.2. Most important symptoms                                      | and effects, both acute and delayed  |  |  |
| General information   | Treat symptomatically.   |  |  |
| 4.3. Indication of any immediat                                   | te medical attention and special treatment needed  |  |  |
| Notes for the doctor  | Treat symptomatically.   |  |  |
| SECTION 5: Firefighting meas                                      | ures   |  |  |
| 5.1. Extinguishing media  |  |  |  |
| Suitable extinguishing media                                      | Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.  |  |  |
| 5.2. Special hazards arising fro                                  | om the substance or mixture  |  |  |
| Specific hazards  | May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable aerosol.   |  |  |
| 5.3. Advice for firefighters                                      |  |  |  |
| Protective actions during firefighting                            | Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.  |  |  |
| SECTION 6: Accidental releas                                      | e measures   |  |  |
| 6.1. Personal precautions, pro                                    | tective equipment and emergency procedures   |  |  |
| Personal precautions  | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage.  |  |  |
| 6.2. Environmental precaution                                     | S  |  |  |
| Environmental precautions   | Avoid release to the environment.  |  |  |
| 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up         |  |  |  |
| Methods for cleaning up   | Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Leave small quantities to evaporate, if safe to do so. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. |  |  |
| 6.4. Reference to other section                                   |  |  |  |
| SECTION 7: Handling and sto                                       | -  |  |  |
| 7.1. Precautions for safe hand                                    |  |  |  |
| Usage precautions   | Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Provide adequate ventilation.<br>Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an<br>acceptable level. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  |  |  |
| 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities |  |  |  |
| Storage precautions   | Pressurised container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C.   |  |  |
| Storage class   | Aerosol containers and lighters  |  |  |
| 7.3. Specific end use(s)  |  |  |  |
| Specific end use(s)   | The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.  |  |  |

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

### DIMETHYL ETHER

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 766 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 958 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

### **BUTANOL-norm**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 154 mg/m3(Sk)

## ETHYLBENZENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 441 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm(Sk) 552 mg/m3(Sk) WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

### Ingredient comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



| Appropriate engineering controls | Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection              | Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.   |
| Hand protection                  | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Rubber (natural, latex). EN374 |
| Other skin and body protection   | Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact. Avoid contact with skin.  |
| Hygiene measures                 | Do not smoke in work area. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.                         |
| Respiratory protection           | No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.  |

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Aerosol.      |
|------------|---------------|
| Colour     | Clear liquid. |
| Odour      | Solvent.      |

| рН   | Not determined.   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Melting point                                | Not determined.   |  |
| Initial boiling point and range              | Not applicable.   |  |
| Flash point                                  | < 0°C   |  |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | Not applicable.   |  |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Lower flammable/explosive limit: 0.7% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 18.6%  |  |
| Vapour pressure                              | 4000 hPa @ 20°C   |  |
| Bulk density                                 | 0.77 g/cm3  |  |
| Solubility(ies)                              | Immiscible with water.  |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | > 200°C   |  |
| Decomposition Temperature                    | Not determined.   |  |
| Viscosity                                    | Not determined.   |  |
| 9.2. Other information                       |   |  |
| Volatility                                   | 88.3%   |  |
| Volatile organic compound                    | This product contains a maximum VOC content of 682.8 g/litre.   |  |
| SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity         |   |  |
| 10.1. Reactivity                             |   |  |
| Reactivity                                   | There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.   |  |
| 10.2. Chemical stability                     |   |  |
| Stability                                    | Stable at normal ambient temperatures.  |  |
| 10.3. Possibility of hazardous               | reactions   |  |
| Possibility of hazardous<br>reactions        | No potentially hazardous reactions known.   |  |
| 10.4. Conditions to avoid                    |   |  |
| Conditions to avoid                          | Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials:<br>Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids. |  |
| 10.5. Incompatible materials                 |   |  |
| Materials to avoid                           | None known.   |  |
| 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products       |   |  |
| Hazardous decomposition products             | Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).   |  |
| SECTION 11: Toxicological information        |   |  |
| 11.1. Information on toxicological effects   |   |  |
| Acute toxicity - oral                        |   |  |
| Notes (oral LD <sub>50</sub> )               | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |  |
| ATE oral (mg/kg)                             | 6,250.0   |  |
| Acute toxicity - dermal                      |   |  |

| Notes (dermal LD₅₀)  | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
|--|---|
| ATE dermal (mg/kg)   | 25,000.0  |
| Acute toxicity - inhalation                                    |   |
| Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)  | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| ATE inhalation (gases ppm)                                     | 225,000.0   |
| ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)                                  | 550.0   |
| ATE inhalation (dusts/mists<br>mg/l)                           | 75.0  |
| Skin corrosion/irritation<br>Skin corrosion/irritation         | Causes skin irritation.   |
| Serious eye damage/irritation<br>Serious eye damage/irritation | Causes serious eye damage.  |
| Respiratory sensitisation                                      |   |
| Respiratory sensitisation                                      | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| Skin sensitisation<br>Skin sensitisation                       | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| Germ cell mutagenicity   |   |
| Genotoxicity - in vitro  | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| Genotoxicity - in vivo   | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| Carcinogenicity<br>Carcinogenicity                             | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| Reproductive toxicity<br>Reproductive toxicity - fertility     | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| Reproductive toxicity -<br>development                         | Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.  |
| Specific target organ toxicity -                               | single exposure   |
| STOT - single exposure   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  |
| Specific target organ toxicity -                               | <b>repeated exposure</b><br>Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| STOT - repeated exposure                                       | Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.  |
| Aspiration hazard<br>Aspiration hazard                         | Not relevant.   |
| Inhalation   | May cause respiratory system irritation. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.          |
| Skin contact   | Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. |
| Eye contact  | Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.  |
| Route of exposure  | Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact  |
| Toxicological information on in                                | gredients.  |
|  |   |

## Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

| Acute toxicity - oral                         |  |
|---|--|
| Notes (oral LD₅₀)                             | LD₅₀ > 5840 mg/kg, Oral, Rat   |
| Acute toxicity - dermal                       |  |
| Notes (dermal LD₅₀)                           | LD₅₀ > 2920 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit                                    |
| Acute toxicity - inhalation                   |  |
| Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)                       | LC50 > 25.2 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat                                    |
|   | XYLENE   |
| Acute toxicity - oral                         |  |
| Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀<br>mg/kg)           | 3,523.0  |
| Species                                       | Rat  |
| ATE oral (mg/kg)                              | 3,523.0  |
| Acute toxicity - dermal                       |  |
| Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀<br>mg/kg)         | 2,000.0  |
| Species                                       | Rabbit   |
| ATE dermal (mg/kg)                            | 2,000.0  |
| Acute toxicity - inhalation                   |  |
| Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) | 29,000.0   |
| Species                                       | Rat  |
| Species                                       | Human  |
| ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)                 | 29,000.0   |
| Carcinogenicity                               |  |
| IARC carcinogenicity                          | IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.   |
|   | BUTANOL-norm   |
| Acute toxicity - oral                         |  |
| Notes (oral LD₅₀)                             | LD₅₀ 2292 mg/kg, Oral, Rat   |
| Acute toxicity - dermal                       |  |
| Notes (dermal LD₅₀)                           | LD₅₀ 3430 mg/kg, Dermal, Rabbit                                      |
| SECTION 12: Ecological information            |  |
| Ecotoxicity The proc                          | luct contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms. WG2 |

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish

No information available.

| Acute toxicity - aquatic<br>invertebrates          | Not available. |
|--|----------------|
| Acute toxicity - aquatic plants                    | Not available. |
| Acute toxicity -<br>microorganisms                 | Not available. |
| Acute toxicity - terrestrial                       | Not available. |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity                           |                |
| Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage           | Not available. |
| Short term toxicity - embryo<br>and sac fry stages | Not available. |
| Chronic toxicity - aquatic<br>invertebrates        | Not available. |

### Ecological information on ingredients.

### DIMETHYL ETHER

| Acute aquatic toxicity                    |  |
|---|--|
| Acute toxicity - fish                     | LC₅₀, > 4000 hours: 96 mg/l, Fish          |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic<br>invertebrates | EC₅₀, > 4000 hours: 48 mg/l, Daphnia magna |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic<br>plants        | EC₅₀, 155 hours: 96 mg/l, Algae            |

## Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

| Acute aquatic toxicity                    |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Acute toxicity - fish                     | LC₅₀, 11.4 hours: 96 mg/l, Fish       |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic<br>invertebrates | EC₅₀, 3 hours: 48 mg/l, Daphnia magna |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic<br>plants        | EC₅₀, 30-100 hours: 72 mg/l, Algae    |

# XYLENE

| Acute aquatic toxicity                    |   |
|---|---|
| Acute toxicity - fish                     | LC₅₀, 13.5 hours: 96 mg/l, Fish         |
| Acute toxicity - aquatic<br>invertebrates | EC₅₀, 7.4 hours: 48 mg/l, Daphnia magna |

## **BUTANOL-norm**

Acute aquatic toxicity

| Acute toxicity - fish | LC₅₀, 1376 hours: 96 mg/l, Fish |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

# DIMETHYL ETHER

| Persistence and degradability   | Not readily biodegradable.  |
|---|---|
| 12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia  | al  |
| Bioaccumulative potential   | –<br>The product is not bioaccumulating.  |
| Ecological information on ingre   | edients.  |
|   | DIMETHYL ETHER  |
| Bioaccumulative   | potential No potential for bioaccumulation.   |
| 12.4. Mobility in soil  |   |
| Mobility  | No data available.  |
| 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvI   | 3 assessment  |
| Results of PBT and vPvB<br>assessment   | This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.   |
| 12.6. Other adverse effects   |   |
| Other adverse effects   | None known.   |
| SECTION 13: Disposal consid   | erations  |
| 13.1. Waste treatment method  |   |
| Disposal methods  | Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion.<br>Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the |
|   | local Waste Disposal Authority.   |
| SECTION 14: Transport inform  | · · ·   |
| SECTION 14: Transport inform<br>14.1. UN number   | · · ·   |
|   | · · ·   |
| 14.1. UN number   | nation  |
| 14.1. UN number<br>UN No. (ADR/RID)   | nation  |
| 14.1. UN number<br>UN No. (ADR/RID)<br>UN No. (IMDG)  | nation<br>1950<br>1950  |
| 14.1. UN number<br>UN No. (ADR/RID)<br>UN No. (IMDG)<br>UN No. (ICAO)   | nation<br>1950<br>1950<br>1950<br>1950  |
| 14.1. UN number<br>UN No. (ADR/RID)<br>UN No. (IMDG)<br>UN No. (ICAO)<br>UN No. (ADN)   | nation<br>1950<br>1950<br>1950<br>1950  |
| 14.1. UN number<br>UN No. (ADR/RID)<br>UN No. (IMDG)<br>UN No. (ICAO)<br>UN No. (ADN)<br>14.2. UN proper shipping name  | nation 1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 20 E AEROSOLS   |
| 14.1. UN number<br>UN No. (ADR/RID)<br>UN No. (IMDG)<br>UN No. (ICAO)<br>UN No. (ADN)<br>14.2. UN proper shipping name<br>(ADR/RID)   | nation  1950 1950 1950 1950 1950  B AEROSOLS AEROSOLS   |
| 14.1. UN numberUN No. (ADR/RID)UN No. (IMDG)UN No. (ICAO)UN No. (ADN)14.2. UN proper shipping name(ADR/RID)Proper shipping name (IMDG)  | nation  1950 1950 1950 1950 1950  B AEROSOLS AEROSOLS   |
| 14.1. UN numberUN No. (ADR/RID)UN No. (IMDG)UN No. (ICAO)UN No. (ADN)14.2. UN proper shipping name(ADR/RID)Proper shipping name (IMDG)Proper shipping name (IMDG)   | nation  1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 <b>e</b> AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS   |
| 14.1. UN numberUN No. (ADR/RID)UN No. (IMDG)UN No. (ICAO)UN No. (ICAO)UN No. (ADN)14.2. UN proper shipping name(ADR/RID)Proper shipping name (IMDG)Proper shipping name (ICAO)Proper shipping name (ICAO)Proper shipping name (ADN)   | nation  1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 <b>e</b> AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS   |
| 14.1. UN numberUN No. (ADR/RID)UN No. (IMDG)UN No. (ICAO)UN No. (ICAO)UN No. (ADN)14.2. UN proper shipping nameProper shipping name(ADR/RID)Proper shipping name (IMDG)Proper shipping name (ICAO)Proper shipping name (ICAO)Proper shipping name (ADN)14.3. Transport hazard class(e)  | nation  1950 1950 1950 1950 2 AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS 38)  |
| 14.1. UN number         UN No. (ADR/RID)         UN No. (IMDG)         UN No. (ICAO)         UN No. (ICAO)         UN No. (ADN)         14.2. UN proper shipping name         (ADR/RID)         Proper shipping name (IMDG)         Proper shipping name (ICAO)         Proper shipping name (ICAO)         Proper shipping name (ICAO)         Proper shipping name (ADN)         14.3. Transport hazard class(e         ADR/RID class | nation  1950 1950 1950 1950  e AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS AEROSOLS 38) 2.1  |

| ICAO class/division | 2.1 |
|---------------------|-----|
| ADN class           | 2.1 |

#### Transport labels



# 14.4. Packing group

| None |
|------|
| None |
| None |
| None |
|      |

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

| EmS                     | F-D, S-U |
|-------------------------|----------|
| ADR transport category  | 2        |
| Tunnel restriction code | (D)      |

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

| 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture |  |
|--|--|
| National regulations   | The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).  |
| EU legislation   | <ul> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18</li> <li>December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).</li> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16</li> <li>December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).</li> <li>Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.</li> <li>Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).</li> </ul> |

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

### SECTION 16: Other information

| Abbreviations and acronyms<br>used in the safety data sheet | <ul> <li>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by<br/>Road.</li> <li>ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.</li> <li>BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.</li> <li>CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.</li> <li>DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.</li> <li>EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.</li> <li>GHS: Globally Harmonized System.</li> <li>IATA: International Air Transport Association.</li> <li>ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.</li> <li>IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.</li> <li>LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.</li> <li>LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</li> <li>PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.</li> <li>REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.</li> <li>SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.</li> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</li> </ul> |
|---|--|
| Revision date   | 02/03/2020   |
| Revision  | 7  |
| Supersedes date   | 20/07/2011   |
| SDS number  | 14225  |
| Hazard statements in full                                   | <ul> <li>H220 Extremely flammable gas.</li> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>  |

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.