Supersedes date 09/03/2012



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Holts Plastic Primer

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Holts Plastic Primer

Product No. L118C

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Holt Lloyd International Ltd

Barton Dock Road

Stretford

Manchester

M32 0YQ - England, UK +44 (0) 161 866 4800 FAX +44 (0) 161 866 4854 A Holts Car Care Product www.holtsauto.com

Contact Person Regulatory Affairs

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

FR - INRS Tél: +33 (0)1.45.42.59.59 24hrs B - Antigifcentrum Tél: +32.70.245.245 24hrs NL - Rijksinstituut voor Volksgezondheid en Milieuhygiëne: tel. +31 (0)30 274 91 11 24hrs D - +49 (0)89 19240 UK - 00 44 (0) 161 866 4800 Office hrs = 0900 - 1700 hrs Out of office hours Tel: 020 7358 9167

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (1999/45/EEC) Xi;R38. F+;R12. N;R51/53. R67.

2.2. Label elements

Contains Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Labelling



Irritant

**R67** 



Extremely flammable



Dangerous for the environment

Risk Phrases

R12 Extremely flammable. R38 Irritating to skin.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety Phrases

**A1** Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

A2 Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

S2 Keep out of the reach of children.

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S23	Do not breathe vapour/spray.
S24	Avoid contact with skin.
S29	Do not empty into drains.
S37	Wear suitable gloves.
S51	Use only in well-ventilated areas.

S29/56 Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at

hazardous or special waste collection point.

# 2.3. Other hazards

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# 3.2. Mixtures

Naphtha (petroleum),hydrotreated light			30-60%
CAS-No.: 64742-49-0	EC No.: 265-151-9		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		Classification (67/548/EEC) Xn;R65. Xi;R38. F;R11. N;R51/53. R67.	
BUTANE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 106-97-8	EC No.: 203-448-7		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220		Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12	
ISOBUTANE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 75-28-5	EC No.: 200-857-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Gas 1 - H220		Classification (67/548/EEC) F+;R12	
XYLENE			5-10%
CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	EC No.: 215-535-7		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		Classification (67/548/EEC) R10 Xn;R20/21 Xi;R38	

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM.; LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTHA 1-5%

CAS-No.: 64742-95-6 EC No.: 265-199-0

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

 Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
 Xn;R65.

 EUH066
 Xi;R37.

 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336
 N;R51/53.

 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
 R66,R67,R10.

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

ALUMINIUM POWDER (PYROPHORIC) 1-5%

CAS-No.: 7429-90-5 EC No.: 231-072-3

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Pyr. Sol. 1 - H250 F;R15,R17

Water-react. 2 - H261

Polybutyl titanate 1-5%

CAS-No.: 162303-51-7 EC No.:

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Xi;R38,R41.
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 R10.
Eye Dam. 1 - H318

ETHYLBENZENE 1-5%

CAS-No.: 100-41-4 EC No.: 202-849-4

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 F;R11
Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Xn;R20

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Provide rest, warmth and fresh air. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! NEVER MAKE AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON VOMIT OR DRINK FLUIDS!

Skin contact

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

Aerosol cans may explode in a fire.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wear necessary protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs		STEL - 15 Min		Notes
ALUMINIUM POWDER (PYROPHORIC)	WEL		10 mg/m3			
BUTANE	WEL	600 ppm	1450 mg/m3	750 ppm	1810 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE	WEL	100 ppm(Sk)	441 mg/m3(Sk)	125 ppm(Sk)	552 mg/m3(Sk)	
ISOBUTANE	OES	800 ppm		800 ppm		
XYLENE	WEL	50 ppm(Sk)	220 mg/m3(Sk)	100 ppm(Sk)	441 mg/m3(Sk)	

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection may still be required under exceptional circumstances when excessive air contamination exists.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves. EN374 Rubber gloves are recommended.

Eye protection

Wear approved safety goggles.

Other Protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA!

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.
Relative density ~0.707

Flash point Not applicable.

Auto Ignition Temperature (°C) 200C
Flammability Limit - Lower(%) 1.1%
Flammability Limit - Upper(%) 10.9%

9.2. Other information

Volatile By Vol. (%) 99.1%
Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) 700.4 g/litre

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

# 10.2. Chemical stability

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with acids and alkalis.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire or high temperatures create: Acrid smoke/fumes of: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

## Inhalation

Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. When working extensively on big surfaces in small and badly ventilated rooms, vapours may develop in concentrations which may cause headache and irritation of the eyes and the respiratory system.

# Ingestion

No harmful effects expected in amounts likely to be ingested by accident.

#### Skin contact

Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.

#### Eye contact

Irritating to eyes. Repeated exposure may cause chronic eye irritation.

Route of entry

Inhalation. Skin and/or eye contact.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity** 

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses. WG2

# 12.1. Toxicity

Acute Fish Toxicity
TOXIC TO FISH

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Empty containers must not be burned because of explosion hazard.

Waste Class

WGK: 2 (Germany)

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1950 UN No. (IMDG) 1950 UN No. (ICAO) 1950

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name AEROSOLS (Isohexane)

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class 2.1

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 2: Gases

ADR Label No. 2.1

IMDG Class 2.1

ICAO Class/Division 2.1

Transport Labels



#### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant



## 14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-D, S-U
Tunnel Restriction Code (D)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**EU** Legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments. VOC Directive - 2004/42/EC Aerosol Dispensers Directive 2008/47/EC (2008/47/EC)

National Regulations

The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002. No. 1689.

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date 19/04/2012

Revision 11

 Supersedes date
 09/03/2012

 SDS No.
 14239

 Date
 19/07/2011

Risk Phrases In Full

R15 Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases.

R12 Extremely flammable.

R10 Flammable.

R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R11 Highly flammable

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R17 Spontaneously flammable in air.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard Statements In Full

H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.