SAFETY DATA SHEET
INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

Product number ITR325, ITR325CA, ITR325JAP, ITR325NL/F, ITR325NORD, ITR325SP/P, ITR325SW/F, ITR325AU, ITR325EUR

Internal identification ITR/PB25/210114

UFI UFI: E940-6054-C00V-G43K

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Solvent based cleaner for tar and adhesives

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Autoglym
Works Road
Letchworth
Herts
SG6 1LU
UK
+44 (0)1462 677766
+44 (0)1462 677712
sds@autoglym.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1462 489498 (24Hrs)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

Hazard statements	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	P102 Keep out of reach of children. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Contains	Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy
Detergent labelling	≥ 30% aliphatic hydrocarbons, 5 - < 15% aromatic hydrocarbons, < 5% anionic surfactants, perfumes
Supplementary precautionary statements	P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy **60-100%**

CAS number: 64742-48-9 EC number: 265-150-3 REACH registration number: 01-2119486659-16-XXXX

Classification
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
STOT SE 3 - H336
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Xylene **5-10%**

CAS number: 1330-20-7 EC number: 215-535-7 REACH registration number: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX

Classification
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
Acute Tox. 4 - H312
Acute Tox. 4 - H332
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

3-Butoxypropan-2-ol			**1-5%**
CAS number: 5131-66-8	EC number: 225-878-4	REACH registration number: 01-2119475527-28-XXXX	
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319			
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine			**1-5%**
CAS number: 26264-05-1	EC number: 247-556-2		
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318			

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use an approved skin cleanser.

Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation The product contains organic solvents. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to mucous membranes in nose, throat, lungs and bronchial system.

Ingestion Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause discomfort. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea.

Skin contact May cause skin irritation.

Eye contact Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Specific treatments Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder to extinguish.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

Specific hazards Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not allow to enter drainage system, surface or ground water.
Prevent material from reaching sewage system, holes and cellars.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions For personal protection, see Section 8.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Provide eyewash station. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store at room temperature. Store in accordance with local regulations.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Xylene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³
Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³
Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.
Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

Protective equipment

Appropriate engineering controls	Avoid inhalation of vapours.
Eye/face protection	Wear eye protection.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Blue-green.
Odour	Organic solvents.
pH	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	150°C @
Flash point	~ 39.5°C Setaflash closed cup.
Relative density	~ 0.8
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Viscosity	1.14 m²/s @ 40°C

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Avoid contact with the following materials: Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None at ambient temperatures.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg)	25,125.63

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg)	11,591.15

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	47,418.34
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	115.91
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	15.81

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity	Not determined.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Phototransformation	Not determined.
Stability (hydrolysis)	Not determined.
Biodegradation	Expected to be readily biodegradable.
Biological oxygen demand	Not determined.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1993
UN No. (IMDG)	1993
UN No. (ICAO)	1993
UN No. (ADN)	1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy, Xylene)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy, Xylene)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy, Xylene)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS Naptha (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy, Xylene)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID classification code	F1
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3
ADN class	3

Transport labels

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
ADN packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-E, S-E
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	•3Y
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	30
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

INTENSIVE TAR REMOVER

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date 23/04/2015

Revision 9

SDS number 20922

Hazard statements in full H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Signature Daniel Higgs